





# **Summer Term** Term 3

# **Business**

Year 10

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Tutor: \_\_\_\_\_



#### **Year 10 Homework Timetable**

Monday	English Task 1	Ebacc Option A Task 1	Option C Task 1
Tuesday Option B Task 1		Sparx Science	Science Task 1
Wednesday	Sparx Maths	Option C Task 2	Sparx Science
Thursday	Ebacc Option A Task 2	Sparx Maths	Option B Task 2
Friday	Sparx Science	Science Task 2	English Task 2

#### **Sparx Science**

- Complete 100% of their assigned homework each week Sparx Maths
- Complete 100% of their assigned homework each week

Option A (EBACC)
Computer Science
French
Geography
History

Option B
Business Studies
Hospitality and Catering
Drama
Music
Geography
Health and Social Care
ICT
Media Studies
Music
Sport
Travel and Tourism
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Option C
Art
Business Studies
Hospitality and Catering
Child Development
Computer Science
Drama
Photography
Science (Triple)
Sport
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Half Term 5 (5 weeks) - Year 10							
Week / Date	Homework task 1 Cornell Notes	Homework task 2 Exam Question					
Week 1 21st April 2025	Cornell Notes on: Technology and Legislation  Question: Explain one benefit to a sn business of using social media as a method of communicating with custom (3)						
Week 2 28th April 2025							
Week 3 5th May 2025	Cornell Notes on: Economy and Business  Question: Explain one impact on a sma business of a reduction in government taxation. (3)						
Week 4 12th May 2025	Revision Cards on: Economy + Business	Question: Discuss the impact on businesses of the government encouraging people to use more renewable sources of energy (6)					
Week 5 19th May 2025	Cornell Notes on: External Influences	Question: Discuss the impact on businesses of the government encouraging people to use more renewable sources of energy. (6)					

Half Term 6 (7 weeks) - Year 10							
Week / Date	Homework task 1 Cornell Notes	Homework task 2 Exam Question					
Week 6 2nd June 2025	Cornell Notes on: Changes in Business Aims + Objectives	Question: Discuss why a business would want to grow (6)					
Week 7 9th June 2025	Revision Cards on: Business Globalisation	Question: Explain one reason why competition may affect a business's choice of objectives (3)					
Week 8 16th June 2025	Cornell Notes on: Business Globalisation	Question: Discuss the impact on small local businesses of increased levels of globalisation (6)  Explain one drawback to a business if a tariff is placed on the raw materials it imports (3)					
Week 9 23rd June 2025	Mock Exams	Mock Exams					
Week 10 30th June 2025	Mock Exams	Mock Exams					
Week 11 7th July 2025	Revision Cards on: Market Research	Question: Explain one reason why customer service is an important need that businesses should meet (6)					
Week 12 14th July 2025	Cornell Notes on: Market Research	Question: Explain how market research can help a business to reduce its risks (6)					

Week	Key Knowledge 4 ways		Contextual information	
1 & 2 Technology	E- Commerce – Enables businesses to sell their products online. It also allows them to attract customers worldwide	<b>Digital communication</b> – Email, websites, instant messaging, Mobile apps	There have been many technological advances that have improved the way businesses operate. From the introduction of the internet through to technological advances in manufacturing. These have increased revenue, and improved efficiencies, decreasing costs.	
	Electronic payment systems – The ability to pay with ease for online products and services, online bank transfers, chip and pin and contactless payments	Social media - This is a powerful and often free marketing tool that allows businesses to communicate effectively with customers.  Businesses can create interesting content to launch products/services, ask for feedback and keep customers updated		
Week	Key Knowledge		Contextual information	
2 & 3 Legislation	Consumer law – The Consumer Rights Act 2015 – Goods must be of satisfactory quality, fit for purpose and as described  Customers rights are protected and they can expect a refund or replacement if goods are faulty.	Employment law – National Minimum Wage – Employees can expect to earn a minimum hourly wage when they work for a UK employer. Health and safety in the workplace – Employees can expect that they will work in a safe environment Equality Act 2010 – Businesses can not discriminate against protected characteristics such as Age, Race, Religion, Gender etc.	These laws are beneficial for consumers and employees as they protect their interests. Businesses can also benefit from improved reputation. However they are expensive for businesses to implement.  This has an impact on costs meaning that profit can be reduced.	
Week	Key Knowledge	Key terms	Contextual information	
3 & 4 Economy and consumer incomes	The Economy – This is the amount of money spent in a country. In a booming economy lots of people are buying lots of things. In an economic downturn people are not spending much at all.	Disposable income – The amount of money people have to spend on non essential goods	The UK experienced a recession in 2008. Unemployment rose by 877,000 Consumer incomes fell by 10% and businesses were closing at a rate of 50 per day.	
	Consumer incomes – This is amount of money the population are earning. The higher	Demand – The amount of product or service wanted buy consumers		
consumer incomes are the more people spe		Recession – When spending slows in an economy.  Normally resulting in business closure and job losses		

Week	Key Knowledge		Key terms	Conto	extual information
3 & 4 Unemploym ent, taxes	Unemployment – When someone is willing and able to work but cannot find a job  Inflation – When prices rise. The government measures price rises using a virtual basket of goods of the most commonly consumed products in the UK.		Income tax – Tax paid on employees wages and by sole traders and Partnerships.	year.	bank of England want inflation to rise by 2% per r.  onsumer incomes also grow by this amount sumers won't notice the price increase.
and inflation			VAT – Paid on almost all goods and services bought in the UK.	consu	
			Corporation tax – Paid by Limited companies on profits	peop The g	ple will have less disposable income. government uses tax to pay for schools, pitals, police, roads, etc
Week	Key Knowledge		Key terms	Conte	extual information
4 & 5 Interest rates and	Interest Rates – When a person or business borrows money from a financial institution the person or business will pay back the original		Financial institutions – The Bank of England. Banks etc		est rates have been very low in the UK since the sion in 2008.
exchanges	interest rate.	n top. The percentage extra is the	Т	They	are currently 0.1 %
rates	Exchange rates – The amount at which one currency can be bought for another currency. For example You can buy 1.12 EUR for 1 GBP.		SPICED • Strong • Pound	These low rates encourage business to borrow to expand and create jobs and consumers to borrow to	
	Calculation:	• Imports	buy n	non essential products.	
	£1 = \$1.50		• Exports	The pound in weak at the moment due to BREXIT. Therefore other countries are happy to buy from us	
	£10 = 10 x 1.5 = \$15 £200 = 200 x 1.5 = \$300		Reverse this to get the implication of a weak pound. Weak £, imports	of a weak nound. Weak f. imports	·
	£200 = 200 x 1.5 = \$300 \$45 = 45/1.5 = £30		dearer and exports cheaper.		business in the UK buy from other countries it pensive.
Week	Key Knowledge				Contextual information
5 Ethics	, ,		ness activity. However if the businesses		Coca Cola has been sued for racism in the work place and polluting water supplies. It has been responsible for promoting cruelty to animals, stands accused of being part of the
			Consumers – Misleading customers or knowingly providing faulty products	global obesity problem and is one of the largest palm oil users in the world.	
	Suppliers – paying a fair price for the products received	appropriate taxes and abiding	Community – disrupting local areas where business is located, through noise, light or toxic pollution		

Week	Key Knowledge			Contextual information	
5&6 Ethics	Businesses do <b>not</b> have a legal responsibility to be ethical. profit. The groups/things below can all be impacted by une customers are made aware of unethical behaviour then a timake good choices.			usiness activity. However if the businesses	Coca Cola has been sued for racism in the work place and polluting water supplies. It has been responsible for promoting cruelty to animals, stands accused of being part of the
	Workers - Paid poorly or working in unsafe conditions  Materials – Using raw materials that are source from unethical practice		ed	Consumers – Misleading customers or knowingly providing faulty products	global obesity problem and is one of the largest palm oil users in the world.
	Suppliers – paying a fair price for the products received appropriate taxes and above employment law				
Week	Key Knowledge				Contextual information
5&6 Environment	Environment		Sustainability Businesses need to choose their raw materials carefully as overuse of resources is jeopardising the future of the planet. For example palm oil usage has encouraged huge areas of forest in south-east Asia and Africa to be destroyed.  The plantations cover more than 27 million hectares of surface across the world and have a negative impact on wildlife, causing around 100,000 orang-utans to be lost between 1999 and 2015.		Iceland released an advert to promote their commitment to remove Palm oil from all their products. The advert was banned from television but was watched on social media by millions
Week	Key Knowledge				Key terms
6& 7	Internal growth		Extern	al growth	Inorganic growth – external growth
Business Growth	New markets – A business can sell to a new set of customers. Either in a different segment or overseas		_	r – This is when two or more businesses join er. Sharing resources, customers, expertise	Multinational – A business that operates in more than one country
	New products – A business can invest in research and development and develop something new to bring to market		(travel	ntal merger – Merge with similar companies agents) Il merger – Merge with a company that either es them or may sell their product / service.	Dividends – payments made to shareholders
	New technology – E-commerce growth significantly. As they can relocation			ver - When a business buys out another business. siness that has been bought will no longer exist	Organic growth – Internal growth

Week	Key themes	Key terms		
7&8 Why objectives	Market conditions – The degree of competition market will mean it has to change its pricing st opportunities to exploit.	Degree of competition – How many businesses there are in a market		
change	<b>Technology</b> – Technological advances will encomanufacturing business may increase it output	Culture – The values of a business. How it treats its staff		
	Legislation – When governments implement n minimum wage may mean a business has to re	Retrenchment _ when a business scales back its operations and reduces employees		
	Performance – If a business is performing bad Equally if it is doing better than expected it ma	Organisational structure – Hierarchical or flat. How a business organises itself.		
Week	Key Knowledge	Key terms		Contextual information
8&9 Globalisation	In the modern world business operate across a number of countries.	Imports – Business source product from other countries, often because it is cheaper to do	Tariff – A tax on imported goods that raise the price the consumers pay	The UK is in the EU so can trade freely with most of Europe. When BREXIT happens we will have to pay tariffs on products from the EU and the countries in the EU will have to pay tariffs on
	The volume of trade amongst countries has grown significantly over the last few years. Improvements to technology allowing for greater communication and	so.	Trade bloc A barrier to trade set by groups of countries, for example the EU.	
		Exports – The internet and improved transportation has		UK products. This increases the costs of non UK raw materials and increases the price of
	capital mobility as allowed businesses to trade in international markets increasing their customer base and their revenue	meant that businesses can now sell their products all over the world	Protectionism – an action taken by the government to reduce the flow of imports	goods from the UK.  Coca Cola operates in all but 2 of the 197 countries in the world and employs 123,000 people and has a revenue of approx. 40 billion per year
		Location –businesses can locate anywhere in the world to take advantage of cost savings		

Section:	Content:
Section A	35 Marks –( Non
	contextualised) Multiple
	choice and long and short
	mark questions. End with a 6
	mark question
Section B	30 Marks (Case Studies) Short
	and Longer questions
Section C	25 Marks (Case Studies) Short
	and Longer questions

Con di	on Coole	
Grading Scale		
New:	Current:	
9	A*	
8	A	
7	Α	
6	В	
5	Top C	
4	Bottom C	

Evaluate: Worth 12 Marks (1 per exam)

- •E.g. Evaluate whether Sally's ideas will be a success
- •2 reasons for and against must be contextualised
- •3 link strands per side of the argument or 5 strands for a detailed answer
- Conclusion the same as Justify

Analyse: Worth 6 Marks (Appears in Section B – Case study)

The same as 'Discuss' although NOW must be linked to the case study

- Discuss what/the likely impact/benefit/drawbacks etc.
- •Can provide one or two impacts although must total at least 5 link strands e.g. Reason ... because (1st link strand) ... therefore (2nd link strand) ... as a result (3rd Link strand)
- Must be contextualised, can be positive or negative

7. Evaluate

6. Justify

5. Analyse

**Justify:** Worth 9 Marks (Appears in Section B & C)

- •Involves a choice between 2 options. E.g. Neil and Sue are considering 2 options either increase price or reduce costs, justify which option they should choose
- Must be linked to the case study (contextualised)
- Pick an option and discuss the pros and cons of this choice.
- •3 linked strands per side of the argument E.g. Reason ...because (1st link strand) .... Therefore (2nd link strand) ... as a result (3rd link strand).
- Conclusion needed My answer depends upon (pick up on other factors)

**Outline:** Worth 2 Marks (Appears in B &C – Case Studies)

- State one benefit/drawback/impact/method etc
- Provide one link strand
- Must be linked to the context
- Context doesn't mean just using the name of the business

4. Discuss

3. Outline

**Discuss:** Worth 6 Marks (Appears in Section A – no context)

- Discuss what/the likely impact/benefit/drawbacks etc.
- •Can provide one or two impacts although must total at least 5 link strands e.g. Reason ... because (1st link strand) ... therefore (2nd link strand) ... as a result (3rd Link strand)
- ·Can be positive or negative points

Calculate: Worth 2 Marks (Appear in A,B & C)

- No need to state formula
- Must write your answer on the answer line (2 decimal places if required)
- Must show workings out

2. Explain

Calculate

Explain: Worth 3 Marks (Appear in A – no context)

Explain one ...

Impact/advantage/method/disadvantage

•2 Link strands e.g. Reason ...because (1st link strand) ... therefore (2<sup>nd</sup> Link strand)

STEP 2:		
CREATE		
CUES		
CUES	STEP 1: RECORD YOUR NOTES	
What: Reduce your		
notes to just the essentials.	What: Record all keywords, ideas, important dates, people, places,	
	diagrams and formulas from the lesson. Create a new page for each topic discussed.	
What: Immediately		
after class, discussion, or	When: During class lecture, discussion, or reading session.	
reading session.	How:	
How:	Use bullet points, abbreviated phrases, and pictures	
<ul> <li>Jot down key</li> </ul>	Avoid full sentences and paragraphs	
ideas, important	Leave space between points to add more information later	
words and phrases	Why: Important ideas must be recorded in a way that is meaningful to you.	
<ul> <li>Create questions</li> </ul>		
that might		
appear on an exam		
Reducing your		
notes to the		
most important ideas and		
concepts		
improves recall.		
Creating		
questions that may appear on		
an exam gets		
you thinking		
about how the information		
might be applied		
and improves		
your performance on		
the exam.		
Why: Spend at least ten minutes		
every week		
reviewing all of		
your previous notes. Reflect on		
the material and		
ask yourself questions based		
on what you've		
recorded in the		
Cue area. Cover		
the note-taking area with a piece		
of paper. Can you		
answer them?		

#### STEP 3: SUMMARISE & REVIEW

What: Summarise the main ideas from the lesson.

What: At the end of the class lecture, discussion, or reading session.

How: In complete sentences, write down the conclusions that can be made from the information in your notes.

Why: Summarising the information after it's learned improves long-term retention.

### **WEEK 1: Cornell Notes (Homework task 1)**

Topic: Technology and Legislation		Revision guide page.	
l intra	Notes		
Links	Notes		
Questions			

## WEEK 1: Exam Question (Homework task 2)

customers.	Explain one benefit to a small business of using social media as a method of communicating with (3)
Answer:	
Question:	
	Explain one benefit to a small business of using social media as a method of communicating with
Question: customers.	Explain one benefit to a small business of using social media as a method of communicating with
Question: customers.	Explain one benefit to a small business of using social media as a method of communicating with
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Question: customers.	Explain one benefit to a small business of using social media as a method of communicating with
Question: customers.	Explain one benefit to a small business of using social media as a method of communicating with

## WEEK 2: Exam Question (Homework task 2)

Question: Discuss the impact on a small business from the introduction of new employment laws (6)
Answer:
WEEK 2: Exam Question review and improvement (Classwork)
Question: Discuss the impact on a small business from the introduction of new employment laws (6)
Answer:

### **WEEK 3: Cornell Notes (Homework task 1)**

<b>Topic:</b> Economy and Business		Revision guide page
Links	Notes	
Questions		

## WEEK 3: Exam Question (Homework task 2)

Question: Explain one impact on a small business of a reduction	in government taxation. (3)
Answer:	
WEEK 3: Exam Question review and in	
WEEK 3: Exam Question review and in Question: Explain one impact on a small business of a reduction	
Question: Explain one impact on a small business of a reduction	
Question: Explain one impact on a small business of a reduction	
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Question: Explain one impact on a small business of a reduction	

#### WEEK 4: Exam Question (Homework task 2)

Question: Discuss the impact on businesses of the government encouraging people to use more renewable sources of energy (6) Answer: WEEK 4: Exam Question review and improvement (Classwork) Question: Discuss the impact on businesses of the government encouraging people to use more renewable sources of energy (6) Answer:

### **WEEK 5: Cornell Notes (Homework task 1)**

Topic: External Influences		Revision guide page		
Links	Notes			
Questions				
Questions				

#### WEEK 5: Exam Question (Homework task 2)

Question: Discuss the impact on businesses of the government encouraging people to use more renewable

sources of energy.	(6)
Answer:	
	5: Exam Question review and improvement (Classwork) ss the impact on businesses of the government encouraging people to use more renewable . (6)
Answer:	

### **WEEK 6: Cornell Notes (Homework task 1)**

Topic: Busine	ess Growth	Revision guide page
Links	Notes	
Questions		

# WEEK 6: Exam Question (Homework task 2)

Answer:						
_						
WEEK	6: Exam C	Question i	review and	improveme	ent (Classwo	rk)
Question: Disc	uss why a busir	าess would war	nt to grow (6)			
Answer:						

## WEEK 7: Exam Question (Homework task 2)

Question: Explain one reason why competition may affect a business's choice of objectives (3)	
Answer:	
WEEK 7: Exam Question review and improvement (Classwork)	ı
Question: Explain one reason why competition may affect a business's choice of objectives (3)	
Anatroni	
Answer:	

### **WEEK 8: Cornell Notes (Homework task 1)**

Topic: Busine	ess Globalisation	Revision guide page
Links	Notes	
Questions		

#### WEEK 8: Exam Question (Homework task 2)

•	Explain <b>one</b> drawback to a business if a tariff is placed on the raw materials it imports. (3)
	Explain one drawback to a business if a families placed on the raw materials it imports. (5)
Answer:	
WI	EEK 8: Exam Question review and improvement (Classwork)
	EEK 8: Exam Question review and improvement (Classwork)  Discuss the impact on small local businesses of increased levels of globalisation (6)  Explain one drawback to a business if a tariff is placed on the raw materials it imports. (3)
Question	: Discuss the impact on small local businesses of increased levels of globalisation (6)
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## WEEK 9: Assessment Week Revision (Homework task 1)

Topic: Theme 2	2 Revision	Revision guide page
Links	Notes	
Questions		

## WEEK 9: Assessment Week Revision (Homework task 1)

Topic: Theme 1	Revision	Revision guide page
Links	Notes	
Questions		

## WEEK 10: Assessment Week Revision (Homework task 1)

Topic: Theme 1 Revision			

# WEEK 10: Assessment Week Revision (Homework task 2)

Topic: Theme 1 Revision			

### WEEK 11: Exam Question (Homework task 2)

meet (6)
Answer:
WEEK 11: Exam Question review and improvement (Classwork)
<b>Question</b> : Explain one reason why customer service is an important need that businesses should meet (6)
Answer:

### WEEK 12: Cornell Notes (Homework task 1)

Topic: Marke	t Research	Revision guide page
Links	Notes	
Questions		
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## WEEK 12: Exam Question (Homework task 2)

Answer:
WEEK 12: Exam Question review and improvement (Classwork)
,
Question: Explain how market research can help a business to reduce its risks (6)
Question: Explain how market research can help a business to reduce its risks (6)
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#### Week 2

#### Revision Card on Technology/Legislation

- 1. Define E-commerce
- 2. Identify the different types of technology
- 3. Define Employment Law
- 4. Explain the difference between the National Minimum wage and National Living wage
- 5. Define Consumer Law
- 6. Identify some benefits of consumer law

#### **Answers**

**%** 

#### Week 4

#### **Revision Card on Economy + Business**

- 1. Define inflation
- 2. Define unemployment/employment
- 3. Identify what happens when there are high levels of consumer income
- 4. What is meant by 'change in interest rates
- 5. Define Government Taxation
- 6. Define Exchange Rates

#### **Answers**

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#### Week 7

#### **Revision Card on Business Globalisation**

- 1. What is meant by globalisation?
- 2. Define the term import
- 3. Define the term export
- 4. How has the internet allowed business to compete internationally
- 5. Explain what is meant by the barrier 'tariff'
- Explain what is meant by the barrier 'trading bloc'
- 7. How does location affect business internationally

#### Answers

#### Week 11

#### **Revision Card on Market Research**

- 1. Define market research
- 2. How many types of market research are there?
- 3. Identify two methods of research that a business can use to find out what customers needs and wants are.
- 4. What is the purpose of market research?
- 5. Give a benefit of a focus group for market research
- 6. Define target market
- 7. Discuss the advantages to a business of using primary research

#### **Answers**



Develop your character

