



Cycle 4 Art - 10A/At1

Name:

Tutor: _____

Year 10 Homework Timetable

Monday	Bedrock Learning	Ebacc Option D	Option C	Modern Britain
Tuesday	English	Tassomai	Option B	Option A
Wednesday	Hegarty	Science	Modern Britain	Option C
Thursday	Ebacc Option D	Tassomai	Bedrock Learning	Option B
Friday	Hegarty	Science	English	Option A

Tassomai - 50 questions per week
Hegarty - 4 tasks of Hegarty per week

Block A	Block B	Block C	Block D
Art	Business Studies	Art	French
Dance	Child Development	Business Studies	Geography
Drama	Catering	Geography	History
Media Studies	Computer Science	Health & Social Care	
Music	Drama	History	
Photography	Health & Social Care	Catering	
	IT	Photography	
	Media Studies	Sport	
	Sociology	Travel & Tourism	
	Sport		

Aspire | Achieve | Thrive



Art Year 10A/A1 Cycle 4 - Homework Plan

Week / Date	Homework task	Details*
Week 1 April 25th	AO1: Artist Research What is collaging?	Read the information on the Art Technique: Collaging. Cornell note taking based on the topic. https://curtisward.com/what-is-lino-printing https://www.paulcatherall.com/process/
Week 2 May 2nd	AO1: Artist Research What is collaging?	Use your Cornell notes on <i>collaging</i> , to write 100-200 words based on the topic. Use the literacy guides to support you if needed.
Week 3 May 9th	AO1: Artist Research Who was Mark Powell?	Read the information on the Artist: <i>Mark Powell</i> . Cornell note taking based on the artist. https://www.markpowellartist.com/pages/faqs/
Week 4 May 16th	AO1: Artist Research Who was Mark Powell?	Use your Cornell notes on <i>Mark Powell</i> , to write 100-200 words based on the artist. Use the literacy guides to support you if needed.
Week 5 May 23rd	AO1: Artist Research: American Tourist by Mark Powell (2020)	Use the Writing frame for a critical study sheet, complete notes to analyse the piece of work by the artist investigated.
Week 6 June 6th	AO1: Artist Research: American Tourist by Mark Powell (2020)	Read and review the notes from your analysis of the artwork. Write up 100 - 200 words based on the piece of work by the artist investigated.
Week 7 and 8 June 13th & June 20th	Self-questioning: Weeks 1 - 6	Revision for your knowledge assessment.
Week 9 June 27th	Self-questioning: Plug the gaps from Week 1 - 6	DIRT Use this time to complete any feedback points from your previous homework tasks not finished.

^{*} Make sure you have your homework books each lesson. The work produced here will be used within your coursework books as part of **Assessment Objective 1: Artist Research**.

Art, Craft and Design

WEEK I & 2:

Assessment Objective I: Contextual Understanding - Develop ideas through investigations, demonstrating critical understanding of sources.

Collaging

Collage describes both the technique and the resulting work of art in which pieces of paper, photographs, fabric and other ephemera are arranged and stuck down onto a supporting surface.

The term collage derives from the French term papiers collés (or découpage), used to describe techniques of pasting paper cut-outs onto various surfaces. It was first used as an artists' technique in the early twentieth century.

Collage can also include other media such as painting and drawing, and contain three-dimensional elements.

Dada artist Hannah Höch used collage as a way to create social commentaries and surrealist worlds. Contemporary artist Wangechi Mutu cuts up magazines in order to reimagine the images that we're accustomed to seeing. And Barbara Kruger combines images with text to reframe language and surprise her audience. These artists, and many others, take advantage of the ripe artistic potential of collage. They meld together stray materials, found objects, and text to create transfixing works of art. Best of all, collage is incredibly accessible for artists of all levels.



WEEK 3 & 4:

Assessment Objective 1: Contextual Understanding - Develop ideas through investigations, demonstrating critical understanding of sources.

Mark Powell

Mark Powell was born in Yorkshire and attended Huddersfield University. He takes old maps playing cards, board games, periodicals, and antique documents, some dating back as far as the 17th century, as his canvas. Mark Powell produces dazzling, intricately detailed pen and ink portraits that evoke a palpable sense of history. Using only a simple

Bic biro pen, Mark Powell draws his subjects, nearly always anonymous older characters, with unerring precision, evoking a sense of their ingrained and deeply personal life stories as he captures every line and wrinkle. He creates an



evocative, often eerie dialogue between his subjects and the materials on which they are portrayed.



Though many of his works remain narratively ambiguous, there is an unmistakable undercurrent of social commentary in others, as in *American Tourists* (2020), which superimposes the image of an aged Native American over a map of Manhattan island.

WEEK 5 & 6:

Assessment Objective I: Contextual Understanding - Develop ideas through investigations, demonstrating critical understanding of sources.

American Tourist by Mark Powell (2020)

There is an unmistakable undercurrent of social commentary in Mark Powell's work, as in American Tourists (2020), which superimposes the image of an aged Native American over a map of Manhattan island.

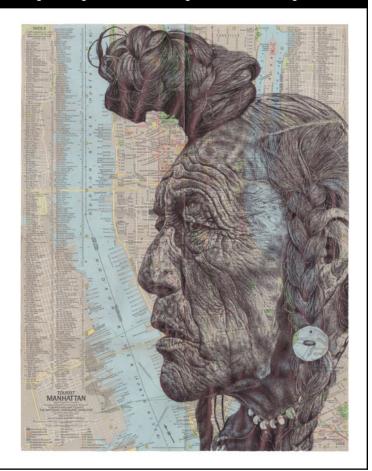
Why do you think the artist used the materials he did?

Think about the composition (layout) of the piece of work. What is the focal point?

How has the piece of work been produced?

What is the meaning behind the piece of work?

(Use the writing frame for critical study to complete your analysis)



Assessment Objective 1: Contextual Understanding - Develop ideas through investigations, demonstrating critical understanding of sources.

TIER 2 Vocabulary and definitions

Versatile - able to adapt or be adapted to many different functions or activities.

Revolution - a forcible overthrow of a government or social order.

Innovative - introducing new ideas; original and creative in thinking.

Aesthetic - the appreciation of beauty.

Analytical - documentary - research based work

Postpone - to wait

Recognition - acknowledgement of something

Societies - a community of people

Transform - to change

Reconstruction - to rebuild

Restoration - to repair

Decay - To deconstruct with age

Alludes - to suggest

TIER 3 Vocabulary and definitions

Artistic - relating to art

Art Movement - a style in art with a common theme or idea

within a certain time period

Graphic Designer - a creative profession **Photomontage** - a collage with photographs

Photography - capturing images with a camera

Urban landscape - man made environment

Geometric - mathematical shapes

Architecture - the design of buildings

Compositional - the layout or design of an image

Writing about Artwork

CONTENT

What is its subject matter? Is it based on direct observation, remembered, invented or imagined?

Does the content deal with any social, cultural, religious, moral, economic or political issue?

Is the meaning and content of the work immediately obvious or is it partly hidden?

Does the work remind you of something you have seen before or does it link to other art work based on the content?

List what you see using no more than 12 words.

PROCESS

What has this work been made out of? What materials, tools, techniques and processes has the artist used?

Design a flow chart detailing how the artist might have made the work; from inception to completion.

Do you think the artist improvised as they went along or do you think a design or some other form of preparatory study provided a guide? Do you think the artist relied on supporting studies i.e. sketches, diagrams, moquette or photographs for the overall idea or for details within it? What specific skills and techniques do you think were required to create such a work?

Do you know of any other work which might have been made in a similar way?

Success Criteria

I have discussed the use of formal elements within the work and given a

detailed and insightful analysis of the

artwork.

I discussed how I plan to use

elements of the artists work within

mv own.

I have used correct artistic vocabular

and terminology.

used extended writing with

connectives.

Cool

Harmonious

Hue

Saturated

Pattern

FORM

How has the work been designed?

What colours have been used and how have these been arranged? Are they harmonious or do they contrast? Are they used subtly or are they vivid?

Does any one colour dominate or are two or more equally important and eye catching? What shape or shapes have been used in the composition of the work? Are any

of these geometric? Do these connect to each other in any way?

Has the artist used texture in the work?

How big is the work? Does this affect how it is viewed?

Challenge

are there any news articles linked to this

Is there work similar to this being shown in current exhibitions?

> Imagine you are the artist; write a diary entry or postcard home.

work/artist?

Analyse your own work using these questions.

Create a PowerPoint to present your analysis to vour class.

Complementary

Crumbly

Delicate

Glossy

Worms eve

Birds eve

Synaesthesia

Dull

Rough

Texture

MOOD

How is the work affecting you and why? Are you able to identify what qualitie the work possesses that is causing you to respond in this way?

Does it capture a particular mood, atmosphere or feeling?

Does it remind you of something you have experienced, either in life or through another work of art, music, play, poem, story or novel etc.?

Is the painting quiet or noisy, calming or disturbing, happy or sad, relaxing or jarring?

What words most effectively describe how you feel about this work? Write down 3 questions you would like to ask the artist about the work.

Sentence starters...

While looking at the work... Initially I thought that...

The artists work reminds me of... I particularly like the...

In my own work I would like to...

In my opinion I feel that... The artist creates work which...

This type of work is...

The similarities between... and... are apparent because...

The skill/technique which worked really well was... this added to my work because...

The main theme which inspired me was... because... I think the colour scheme used is effective because... I think the artist has been inspired by... because...

Blurred Digitally Manipulated Photo Accidental Out of focus Shutter Speed In focus Irregular Under exposed Over exposed Rhythmic Aperture Depth of Field

Jerky

Linear

Repeated Tessellated Embellish

Smooth

Animated

Zooming Movement

Mood

Angry

Worried

Layered

Organic

Rounded

Geometric Perspective Close up

Intense

Colour

Warm

Busy

Pick and Mix Visual

Language

Juxtaposed

Viewpoint Underneath

Concept/

Theme

Imagined

Still Life

Soft

Obscured

Connectives

ADDING and also as well as moreover too furthermore additionally	SEQUENCING First, second, third finally, next meanwhile after then subsequently	ILLUSTRATING for example such as for instance in the case of as revealed by illustrated by	CAUSE AND EFFECT because so therefore thus consequently hence
COMPARING similarly likewise as with like equally in the same way	QUALIFYING but however although unless except apart from as long as if	CONTRASTING whereas instead of alternatively otherwise unlike on the other hand conversely	EMPHASISING above all in particular especially significantly indeed notably

Composition

Jovial

Relaxed

Leading Line Triptych Rule of Thirds 3D Form

Sudden

Confused

Shape

Angular Line

Cross Hatching

Reflected

Shadow

Diffused

Lighting

Site specific

Art Movement

Wavv Pointillism Erratic

STEP 2:		
CREATE		
CUES	STEP 1: RECORD YOUR NOTES	
What: Reduce your notes to just the essentials. What: Immediately	What: Record all keywords, ideas, important dates, people, places, diagrams and formulas from the lesson. Create a new page for each topic discussed.	
after class, discussion, or	When: During class lecture, discussion, or reading session.	
reading session. How: Jot down key	How: • Use bullet points, abbreviated phrases, and pictures • Avoid full sentences and paragraphs	
ideas, important words and phrases	Leave space between points to add more information later Why: Important ideas must be recorded in a way that is meaningful to you.	
 Create questions that might 		
appear on an exam - Reducing your		
 Reducing your notes to the most important 		
ideas and concepts		
improves recall. Creating questions that		
may appear on an exam gets you thinking		
about how the information		
might be applied and improves		
your performance on the exam.		
Why: Spend at least ten minutes		
every week reviewing all of your previous		
notes. Reflect on the material and		
ask yourself questions based on what you've		
recorded in the Cue area. Cover		
the note-taking area with a piece of paper. Can you		
answer them?		

STEP 3: SUMMARISE & REVIEW

What: Summarise the main ideas from the lesson.
What: At the end of the class lecture, discussion, or reading session.
How: In complete sentences, write down the conclusions that can be made from the information in your notes.

Why: Summarising the information after it's learned improves long-term retention.

Date / / Topic W

Questions	Notes

Summary

Date
What is collaging?
Answer:-

Date	1 1	Topic	WEEK 3
Date	1 1	Topic	WEEK

Questions	Notes

Summary

WEEK 4

Who was Mark Powell?	
Answer:-	
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Writing frame for critical study		WEEK 5	
Structure	Useful Starters	Useful vocabulary	
Introduction: Describe the work – pretend that you are telling someone who cannot see it	was completed by	suggests, conveys, conjures up, recalls, recreates, when looking at closely, from a distance.	
Artists intention	I think the artist is trying to	exaggerate, distort, conjure up, recreate, observe, reflect, express mood or ideas, explore material, line, tone, texture, colour, shape, see, feel, think, imagine.	
	The reason I think this is because		
Source of inspiration and influences	I think the artist worked frombecause The artist prepared for this work by	observation, memory, imagination, supporting sketches, photographs.	
Your reaction	The work makes me feelbecause	happy, sad, suggests, evokes, conveys, mood, feeling, atmosphere, recalls, reminds me of, inspires me.	
Use of form	The work has been composed of	balanced, symmetrical, foreground, background, arrangement, composition, design, strong lines, leads the eye, shapes, small, large, angular, curved.	
Use of colour, tone and texture	The artist's use ofsuggests I think he/she has done this to suggest	hot, cold, bright, dull, vivid, sombre, pastel, clashing, matching, range, variety, rough, smooth, broken.	
Style	The artist's style is	technique, abstract, realistic, surrealistic	
Conclusion	I like this work because		

American Tourist by Mark Powell (2020)

There is an unmistakable undercurrent of social commentary in Mark Powell's work, as in American Tourists (2020), which superimposes the image of an aged Native American over a map of Manhattan island.

Why do you think the artist used the colours he did?

Think about the composition (layout) of the piece of work. What is the focal point?

How has the piece of work been produced?

(Use the writing frame for critical study to complete your analysis)



WEEK 6

Date
American Tourist by Mark Powell (2020)
Answer:-

Revision Page	Week 7	

Revision Page	Week 8	